

Exercise 52

Find the given derivative by finding the first few derivatives and observing the pattern that occurs.

$$\frac{d^{35}}{dx^{35}}(x \sin x)$$

Solution

Start calculating derivatives.

$$\frac{d^1}{dx^1}(x \sin x) = \sin x + x \cos x$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2}(x \sin x) = \cos x + \cos x - x \sin x = 2 \cos x - x \sin x$$

$$\frac{d^3}{dx^3}(x \sin x) = -2 \sin x - \sin x - x \cos x = -3 \sin x - x \cos x$$

$$\frac{d^4}{dx^4}(x \sin x) = -3 \cos x - \cos x + x \sin x = -4 \cos x + x \sin x$$

$$\frac{d^5}{dx^5}(x \sin x) = 4 \sin x + \sin x + x \cos x = 5 \sin x + x \cos x$$

$$\frac{d^6}{dx^6}(x \sin x) = 5 \cos x + \cos x - x \sin x = 6 \cos x - x \sin x$$

$$\frac{d^7}{dx^7}(x \sin x) = -6 \sin x - \sin x - x \cos x = -7 \sin x - x \cos x$$

Notice that every four derivatives, the function repeats itself aside from the first coefficient. Since $35 = 3 + 4(8)$,

$$\frac{d^{35}}{dx^{35}}(x \sin x) = -35 \sin x - x \cos x.$$